# The War on Smoking in the UK

## In a snapshot:



People has died due to smoking related diseases in 2014 alone. That is more than 1.5x the total number of deaths in the UK due to the Spanish Flu.



1/3

Smoking incidence has fallen by a third in 2014 as compared to 2004. In 2004, close to a smoking incidence rates were hovering around 30% of the population across ages 16 to 59.



2/3

Admissions and deaths attributed to smoking in 2014 has been reduce by more than 2/3 the amount in 2004 – that is 595K lives saved and 8,702K admissions avoided.



£13.74E

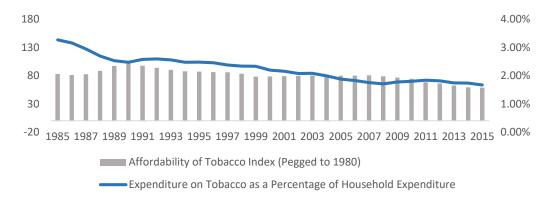
Smoking costs the UK an estimated £13.74B annually, from the loss of economic output from deaths, cleaning up cigarette butts, loss productivity of smoke breaks etc. Sin taxes from tobacco only provided £10B in tax revenue, far short of the economic cost of smoking.



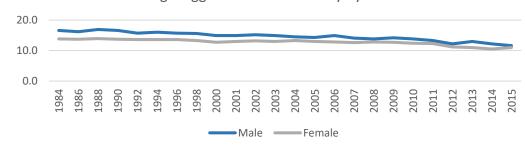
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Is the top cause of smoking related fatalities and admissions in 2014. This has resulted in over 158K admissions and 37K fatalities

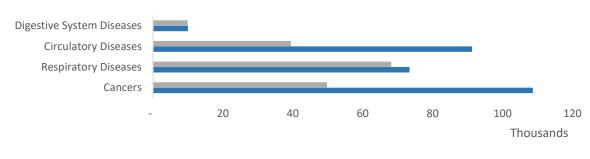
#### Tobacco Expenditure in the UK



#### Average Ciggarettes Smoked Daily By Smokers

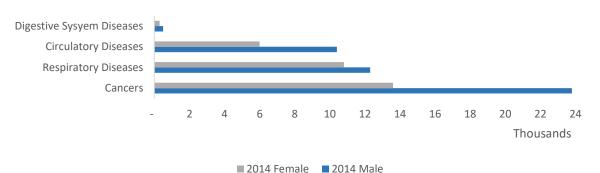


#### Admissions Attributed to Smoking

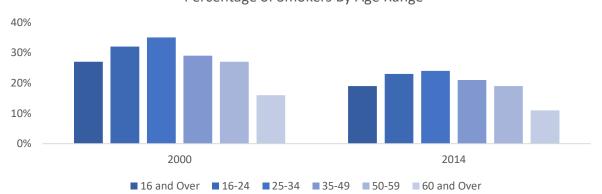


#### Fatalities Attributed to Smoking in 2014

■ 2014 Female ■ 2014 Male



#### Percentage of Smokers By Age Range



### Cornerstones in Anti-Smoking Campaigns



Creation of smoke free zones



Limit advertising for tobacco products



Banning sales of tobacco products to minors



Education of health and safety risks



Levy sin taxes on tobacco